# Community Legal Assistance Services for Saskatoon Inner City Inc. o/a CLASSIC

Financial Statements

March 31, 2014



#### MARCH 31, 2014

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## Hounjet/Tastad/Harpham

Certified General Accountants | Comptables Généraux Accrédités

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the members of:

Community Legal Assistance Services for Saskatoon Inner City Inc. o/a CLASSIC

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Community Legal Assistance Services for Saskatoon Inner City Inc. o/a CLASSIC, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2014, and the statements of operations, fund balances, and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the organization as at March 31, 2014 and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Saskatoon, Saskatchewan June 9, 2014

CERTIFIED GENERAL ACCOUNTANTS

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#### STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

		2014		2013
REVENUE				
Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada	\$	-	\$	20,001
Affinity Credit Union	•	3,600		3,500
City of Saskatoon		10,000		10,000
Donations		38,634		9,586
Fundraising gala		52,550		-
Fundraising initiative		-		2,160
Government of Saskatchewan - Community Initiatives Fund				
Legal Advice Clinic		3,750		3,750
Walk-In Advocacy Clinic		29,000		37,500
Walk-In Advocacy Clinic Summer Program		5,000		5,000
Government of Saskatchewan - Student Summer Works		10,500		10,500
Human Resources and Skills Development		6,399		5,214
Interest		3,403		3,722
Miscellaneous		50		815
Saskatoon Community Foundation		10,000		10,000
Saskatchewan Justice		100,000		100,000
Saskatchewan Law Foundation		112,500		150,000
United Way of Saskatoon and Area		49,106		37,500
University of Saskatchewan		65,000		65,000
University of Saskatchewan - College of Law		83,947	_	-
		583,439	1	474,248
EXPENDITURES		70 Y		
Advertising and promotion		1,177		1,589
Amortization		5,484		3,408
Disbursements		2,633		1,162
Equipment rental		489		- 4.50
Fees and dues		10,558		6,458
Gala expense		20,561		- 2.271
Honorariums		2,832		3,371
Insurance		1,247		1,205
Interest and bank charges		80		521
Meetings		3,517		2,433
Office		11,969		11,131
Office rent Professional fees		39,168 5,590		28,032 5,562
		5,041		5,679
Repairs and maintenance Salaries and benefits		472,782		415,444
Telephone		8,098		7,899
Training and seminars		2,234		2,958
Travel		149		890
Utilities		7,690		5,455
Cultures		601,299	_	503,197
	-	001,277		505,177
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(17,860)	\$_	(28,949)



#### STATEMENT OF FUND BALANCES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

		2014		2013
CONTINGENCY FUND  Balance, beginning of year  Transfer from unrestricted net assets (Note 2)  Transfer to unrestricted net assets - equipment replacement (Note 2)	\$	153,774 2,550 (15,798)	\$	159,055 2,127 (7,408)
	\$	140,526	\$	153,774
PCS LEASE FUND  Balance, beginning of year Allocation of interest earned Transfer to unrestricted net assets (Note 2)	\$  \$	115,769 853 (40,000) 76,622	\$ _ \$_	154,174 1,595 (40,000) 115,769
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS  Balance, beginning of year  Allocation of interest earned - PCS lease fund  Allocation of interest earned - term deposits  Deficiency of revenue over expenditures  Transfer from contingency fund - equipment replacement (Note 2)  Transfer from PCS lease fund (Note 2)	\$	237,244 (853) (2,550) (17,860) 15,798 40,000	\$	222,507 (1,595) (2,127) (28,949) 7,408 40,000
	\$	271,779	\$	237,244



#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

		2014		2013
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Deficiency of revenue over expenditures  Items not involving cash:  Amortization	\$	(17,860) 5,484	\$	(28,949)
Net change in working capital: Accounts receivable GST receivable Accrued interest receivable Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	,	(12,376) (72,047) (1,091) 10 310 - (4,750) (89,944)		(25,541)  17,000  80  (108)  1,031  367  12,750  5,579
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Additions to capital assets		(15,798)	-	(7,393)
DECREASE IN CASH		(105,742)		(1,814)
CASH, beginning of year		461,782		463,596
CASH, end of year	\$	356,040	\$	461,782
Cash Is REPRESENTED BY: Cash Investments PCS lease fund savings account	\$ 	122,878 156,540 76,622 356,040	\$ 	192,033 153,980 115,769 461,782



#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

#### **AS AT MARCH 31, 2014**

		2014	2013
ASSETS			
CURRENT  Cash  PCS lease fund savings account Investments (Note 3)  Accounts receivable  GST receivable  Accrued interest receivable  Prepaid expenses	\$	122,878 76,622 156,540 123,047 2,874 706 198 482,865	\$ 192,033 115,769 153,980 51,000 1,783 716 507 515,788
CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 4)		20,132	9,817
DEPOSITS		2,631	 2,631
	\$	505,628	\$ 528,236
LIABILITIES AND NET ASS	SETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Deferred revenue	\$	5,201 11,500 16,701	\$  5,199 16,250 21,449
NET ASSETS Contingency fund (Note 5)		140,526	153,774
PCS lease fund (Note 6) Unrestricted net assets (Note 7)		76,622 271,779 488,927	 115,769 237,244 506,787
	\$	505,628	\$ 528,236

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Director

Director



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2014

The organization was incorporated under the Non-Profit Corporations Act, 1995 of the Province of Saskatchewan on March 31, 2006 and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act. Its main activity is to provide legal services to low income individuals.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the organization are in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year. Outlined below are those policies considered particularly significant.

#### Financial instruments

Section 3856 of the CICA Handbook establishes standards for recognizing and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities and non-financial derivatives. It requires that financial assets and financial liabilities, including derivatives, be recognized on the balance sheet when the organization becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument or non-financial derivative contract. Under this standard, all financial instruments are required to be measured at fair value on initial recognition except for certain related party transactions. In subsequent periods, measurement depends on the type of financial instrument.

Investments in equity instruments, except those quoted in an active market, are measured at cost less any reduction for impairment. Investments quoted in an active market are measured at fair value. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost.

Changes in fair value of an equity instrument is recognized in net income in the period incurred.

#### Income taxes

The organization is incorporated as a not-for-profit organization; therefore, its earnings are not subject to income tax and no provision has been made for them in these financial statements.

#### Contributed services

Volunteers assist the organization in carrying out its service delivery activities. Because of the difficulty of determining the fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reported period. These estimates are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the period in which they became known.

#### Revenue

The organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### MARCH 31, 2014

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Capital assets and amortization

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Normal maintenance and repair expenditures are expensed as incurred. Amortization is recorded using the following rates and methods:

	Rate	<u>Method</u>
Computer equipment	45%	Declining balance
Equipment	20%	Declining balance
Leasehold improvements	5 years	Straight line
Office equipment	20%	Declining balance

In the year of acquisition, assets are amortized at half of the above rates. No amortization is charged in the year of disposal.

#### 2. TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The transfer from unrestricted net assets to the contingency fund represents the interest earned on term deposits that are held in the contingency fund. The transfer from unrestricted net assets to the PCS lease fund represents designated donations and interest earned on the PCS lease fund bank account that the organization has earmarked for the lease of its premises.

The \$40,000 transfer from PCS lease fund to unrestricted net assets is an annual allocation.

The \$15,798 transfer from the contingency fund to unrestricted net assets is for the purchase of computer equipment, equipment and leasehold improvements.

#### 3. INVESTMENTS

The investments are all term deposits with interest rates of 0.75% and 2.00%. The term deposits have been classified as "held to maturity." These investments are in place to fund the Contingency Fund.

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

	Cost		umulated ortization		Net 2014	Net 2013
Computer equipment	\$ 25,189	\$	20,157	\$	5,032	\$ 7,001
Equipment	591		59		532	-
Leasehold improvements	13,683		1,368		12,315	-
Office equipment	6,480	8	4,227	<u> </u>	2,253	2,816
	\$ 45,943	\$	25,811	\$	20,132	\$ 9,817



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### MARCH 31, 2014

#### 5. CONTINGENCY FUND

The purpose of this fund is to enable the organization to meet its obligations in the case of shortfall, emergencies, equipment replacement, or windup of the organization as approved by the Board.

#### 6. PCS LEASE FUND

The purpose of this restricted fund is to enable the organization to meet its lease commitments. It was funded by a one time donation from Potash Corporation of Saskatchewan and designated donations.

#### 7. UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS

The purpose of this fund is for the day-to-day operations of the organization.

#### 8. REAL ESTATE CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The organization leases its premises in Saskatoon. This lease expires April 30, 2016. The minimum lease payments due in each of the next five years are as follows:

2015	\$ 39,360
2016	39,360
2017	3,280
2018	_
2019	-



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### MARCH 31, 2014

#### 9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The organization's financial instruments consist of cash, investments, receivables, and payables. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the organization is not exposed to significant credit, interest rate, liquidity, or market risks arising from these financial instruments. Market risks result from changes in interest rates of financial instruments.

The organization is exposed to financial risk that arises from the fluctuation in interest rates.

#### Credit risk

The organization's exposure to credit risk consists principally of cash. The organization maintains cash with reputable and major financial institutions. Its receivables are from government founded organizations. Accordingly, the organization is not exposed to significant credit risk.

#### Interest rate risk

The organization is exposed to interest rate risk with respect to cash, savings and investments. A change in market interest rates has no impact on the organization's cash held in a chequing account. The investments consist of two term deposits with fixed interest rates until maturity. The organization is exposed to the change in interest rate of its savings account.

#### Liquidity risk

The organization's exposure to liquidity risk is not significant. There is enough cash available to pay current liabilities.

